



# RUSSIAN TABLE

*Infinitives*



## Infinitives in linking phrases and discourse markers

Commonly used in everyday speech:

- **делать** нечего (DYElat NYEchiva, "it can't be helped")
- если хотите (хочешь) **знать** (YESli khaTEEtye (KHOchesh) znat, "if you must know")
- должно **быть** (dalzhNO byt, "probably")
- интересно **знать** (intiRYESna znat, "I'm curious to know")
- к слову **сказать** (k SLOvoo skaZAT, "by the way")
- как **знать** (kak znat, "who knows")
- как **сказать** (kak skaZAT, "how to put this")
- может **быть** (mozhet byt, "maybe")
- можно **сказать** (MOZHna skaZAT, "as they say")
- надо **сказать** (NAda skaZAT, "I must say")
- куда **не деться** (nikooDA ni DYetsa, "there is no way around it")
- по правде **сказать** (pa PRAVdye skaZAT, "to be honest")
- **подумать** только (paDOOmat tOLka, "oh my")
- **признаться** (priZNAtsa, "to be honest")
- так **сказать** (tak skaZAT, "kind of")
- честно **сказать** (CHESna skaZAT, "to be honest")
- что **поделать** (shto paDYElat, "what can (I) do")

Mostly used in scientific papers or media:

- логично **предположить** (laGEEchna pritpalaZHEET, "under that logic / it would be reasonable to assume")
- важно **отметить** (VAZHna atMYEtit, "it is important to note")
- необходимо **учитывать** (niapkhaDEEma ooCHEEtyvat, "it should be taken into account")

Scan for more  
language learning  
& teaching content



**LANGUAGE IS  
AN ADVENTURE**

mangolanguages.com

