



FRENCH TABLE

Confusing Words



Here is a variety of examples to help you understand when to use *bon* and *bien* in French.

Examples using <i>bon</i>	
<i>Le chocolat, c'est bon.</i>	Chocolate is good!
<i>Elle est bonne en orthographe.</i>	She is good at spelling.
<i>Viens te baigner, la mer est bonne.</i>	Come for a swim, the sea is nice.
<i>Il fait bon aujourd'hui.</i>	It's nice today.
<i>Miam-miam, ça sent bon dans la cuisine.</i>	Yum-yum, it smells good in the kitchen.
<i>C'est bon, tu peux garder tes chaussures.</i>	It's fine, you can keep your shoes on.
<i>C'est toujours bon pour demain ?</i>	It is still ok for tomorrow?
<i>Ce n'est pas bon. Tu as noté la mauvaise réponse.</i>	It's not correct. You wrote down the wrong answer.



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Examples using <i>bien</i>	
<i>Tu vas bien ?</i>	How are you? (literally: Are you well?)
<i>L'appli Mango, c'est bien !</i>	The Mango app is good.
<i>Le wifi est gratuit. C'est bien.</i>	The wifi is free. That's good.
<i>Ton plan m'a l'air bien.</i>	Your plan seems good to me.
<i>Je cherchais un nouveau pull. Mais je n'ai rien trouver de bien.</i>	I was looking for a new jumper. But I didn't find anything good.
<i>C'est bien demain le match de foot ?</i>	Is the football match really tomorrow? / Tomorrow is the football match, isn't it?
<i>Ma montre ne fonctionne pas bien.</i>	My watch doesn't work well.
<i>C'est bien !</i>	Well done!

