



# SPANISH TABLE

Gerunds



## When to use gerunds

Use	Example	Translation
Progressive tenses	<i>Los estudiantes están <b>estudiando</b> en la biblioteca.</i>	The students are studying in the library.
Describes the action of the verb it accompanies	<b>Manner:</b> <i>Entró <b>gritando</b>.</i>	He entered screaming.
	<b>Cause:</b> <i><b>Siendo</b> directora de la institución, logró muchos cambios.</i>	Being the institution's director, she accomplished many changes.
	<b>Condition:</b> <i>Aun <b>existiendo</b> el correo electrónico, Luisa prefiere mandar cartas.</i>	Even though email exists, Luisa prefers to send letters.
Purpose with verbs of communication	<i>Nos escribió <b>diciendo</b> lo que iba a hacer.</i>	He wrote us telling us what he was going to do.
Indicates two actions happening at the same time	<i>Mi hermano siempre trabaja <b>escuchando</b> la radio.</i>	My brother works while listening to the radio.
Indicates location	<i>El puesto está <b>saliendo</b> a la derecha.</i>	The stand is outside and to the right.
After verbs of seeing and hearing (both the infinitive and the gerund can be used with these verbs)	<i>Veo a los niños <b>jugar/jugando</b>.</i>	I see the kids play/playing.
After verbs such as: <i>llevar</i> [to be doing something], <i>quedar</i> [to continue to do something], <i>venir</i> [to keep on] and <i>descubrir</i> , <i>pillar</i> , <i>encontrar</i> , <i>hallar</i> , <i>agarrar</i> [to walk in on/to catch someone red-handed]	<i>Luis lleva dos años <b>tratando</b> de aprender alemán. Vienes <b>pidiéndome</b> lo mismo desde hace un mes.  Se quedó <b>mirando</b> sus zapatos toda la noche. Descubrí al perro <b>robándose</b> las galletas.</i>	Luis has been trying to learn German for two years. You have been asking me to do the same thing for a month. He stared at his shoes all night. I caught the dog stealing the cookies.



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## When NOT to use gerunds

Use	Example	Translation
After a preposition	<i>Revisa tus mensajes antes de <b>salir</b>.</i>	Check your messages before <b>leaving</b> .
As an adjective	<i>¡Qué libro más <b>aburrido</b>!</i>	What a <b>boring</b> book!
As a noun	<i><b>Caminar</b> todos los días es bueno para la salud.</i>	<b>Walking</b> everyday is healthy.
English expressions that do not translate using present participles	"sleeping bag" ( <i>saco de dormir</i> ), "changing room" ( <i>probador</i> ), "fishing pole" ( <i>caña de pescar</i> ), "dining room" ( <i>comedor</i> ), "hiking poles/boots" ( <i>bastón/botas de senderismo</i> ) "shopping list" ( <i>lista de las compras</i> ), "running shoes" ( <i>tenis/zapatos de correr</i> ), "tracking number or code" ( <i>número/código de rastreo</i> ), "swimming suit" ( <i>traje de baño/bañador</i> ), "waiting list" ( <i>lista de espera</i> ), etc.	

